ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಲಕ್ಕಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಡ್ಯಾಮಿನ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಷೆಡ್ಯೂಲ್ ಕ್ಯಾಸ್ಟಿನವರ ಜಮೀನು ಎಷ್ಟು ಮುಳುಗಡೆ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ನಿಜಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪ.—ಹಾಗೆ ಜಾತಿವಾರು ಮುಳುಗಡೆ ಆಗತಕ್ಕ ಜಮೀನು ಎಷ್ಟು ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ವಿಂಗಡಿಸಿಲ್ಲ.

Sri K. H. RANGANATH.—It is with that purpose I have put this question. My information is that most of the lands belonging to the Scheduled Castes people are going to be submerged and they have not yet been rehabilitated.

Sri S. NIJALINGAPPA.—If he wants, I will certainly look into that.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಲಕ್ಕಪ್ಪ.—ಷೆಡ್ಯೂಲ್ಡ್ ಕ್ಯಾಸ್ಟಿನ ಜನರ ಜಮೀನು ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಮುಳುಗಡೆ ಆಗುವುದರಿಂದ ಅವರನ್ನೂ ಆ ಕಮಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸದಸ್ಯರನ್ನಾಗಿ ಇಡುವುದು ಉತ್ತಮವಲ್ಲವೆ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ನಿಜಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪ.—ಅವರ ಜಮೀನೇ ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಮುಳುಗಡೆ ಆಗುತ್ತೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ನಾನು ಒಪ್ಪುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ; ಕೆಲವು ಸಂದರ್ಭಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಸಮಿತಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಹರಿಜನರನ್ನೂ ಸದಸ್ಯರನ್ನಾಗಿ ಸೇರಿಸಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಎಲ್ಲ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳಲ್ಲೂ ಪ್ರಾತಿನಿಧ್ಯ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದರೆ ಕಷ್ಟ. ಆದಷ್ಟು ಈ ಜಾತಿ ವಾದವನ್ನು ಕಡಮೆ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಒಳ್ಳೆಯದೆಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಆರ್. ಕೇಶವಮೂರ್ತಿ.—ಮುಳುಗಡೆ ಆಗತಕ್ಕವರಿಗೆ ಬೇರೆ ಕಡೆ ಆದರೂ ಬೇಗ ಜಮೀನು ಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ನಿಜಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ನಾವು 3-4 ಸಾರ್ತಿ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ರಾಯಚೂರು, ಬೆಳಗಾಂ ಇಲ್ಲೆಲ್ಲ ಜಮೀನುಗಳನ್ನು ತೋರಿಸಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವರು ಈಗಾಗಲೆ 300 ಎಕರೆ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಸಾಗುಮಾಡಿರಲು ಒಪ್ಪಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇನ್ನು ಕೆಲವರು ಒಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ. ಬಹುಶಃ ನೀರುಮುಳುಗಡೆ ಆಗುವುದು ಇನ್ನೂ ನಿಧಾನವಿರಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಕಾಣುತ್ತದೆ.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTION AND ANSWER

pread of Cholera in some areas in Bangalore during September 1963.

Q.—45. Sri K. DEVAIAH (Malleswaram).—

Will the Government be pleasod to state :—

(*a*) whether it has come to th ir notice that Cholera is rampant in Srirampuram, Mariappanapalya, Rajajinagar, Shivanahalli, Prakash-nagar, Gopalaswamy Iyer's Harijan Colony and other areas in Bangalore for the past few days ;

(*b*) the number of deaths as a result of this desease in those areas ;

(*c*) the number of persons attacked and who have been addmitted to different hospitals ;

(*d*) the measures taken to prevent its spread to other areas ?

A.—Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA (Minister for Health).—

(*a*) Some cases have been reported but the outbreak is not rampant.

(*b*) 10 deaths.

(*c*) 53 attacks, of which 48 have been admmitted into the Isolation Hospital, Bangalore.

(SRI K. NAGAPPA ALVA)

(d) 1. Mass inoculations against Cholera.
2. Disinfection of drinking water wells.
3. Disinfection of the infected houses.
4. Improving the sanitary conditions of the area.
5. Closing down of eating places, which are found to be not upto the standard.

Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.—Answers as printed. I wish to make a statement. I am glad that there is a short notice question here. Even otherwise, I wanted to apprise this House of the Cholera situation in this city and also in the State. Instead of waiting for the supplementaries and trying to answer them, I request the permission of the Chair to make a statement.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Please don't call it a statement; but make it a comprehensive reply.

Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.—I will make a reply by which I will try to cover the entire question.

9-00 A.M.

The first case of suspected cholera within the Corporation limits was reported on 12th September 1963 from Doddigunta (Cox Town). It was traced that the infection was imported from Velangani near Nagapatam, Madras State, which is a pilgrimage centre. Information was received from the Superintendent, Infectious Diseases Hospital, Madras, that few persons suspected to be suffering from cholera have proceeded to Bangalore after attending the Festival at Velangani. Action was taken thereafter to locate the suspected cases and to adopt immediate measures for control. Since 12th September 1963 upto 30th September 1963 there have been 68 attacks and 12 deaths within the corporation area and 18 attacks and 7 deaths outside the Corporation limits in the adjoining villages. Large majority of these cases were typical of cholera but a few were suspected cases manifesting only the symptoms of gastro enterities. Majority of these have been reported from No. 3 and 4 Divisions comprising of Srirampuram and Labour Colony Division and newly included Rajajinagar extension to the Corporation limits. The revenue pockets in between Rajajinagar and Prakashnagar, Gowthamanagar, Mariyappanapalya etc., have been mostly affected. I must say that in most of these areas standard of sanitation is far from satisfactory. In the Revenue pockets it is worse.

Cholera is a water-borne and food-borne disease. For the control and eradication of this disease we have to attack the greatest importance towards good water-supply, sanitation and environmental hygiene.

The Corporation authorities and Health staff have been doing their best from the beginning in the matter of educating and helping the people, isolating and treating the cases and inoculating the people against cholera. The Public Health Department also have been alert

and active from the beginning in all these measures independently doing their work outside the Corporation limits and co-ordinating and helping the Corporation authorities and Health staff within the Corporation area.

Co-operation of the people at all levels is very very necessary in combating this disease. Arrangements have been made for inoculation in all the hospitals and dispensaries and in some offices. Special squads have been organised for mass inoculation. Already about 55,000 people have been covered by inoculation within city limits. Registered Medical Practitioners are being supplied with cholera vaccine. There is good response by them also and the people also are co-operating well. There is adequate stock of Anti-cholera vaccine at the Public Health Institute, Bangalore. As a safety measure we have already contacted the Hyderabad Institute and the Madras Guindy Institute.

Wells are being disinfected regularly. Dosage of chlorine in the water supply has been increased as a further safeguard. Some insanitary hotels have been closed. Strict watch is kept on other hotels and also to see that food, vegetables and fruits are not kept and sold on road side.

I feel it is necessary to say certain facts about the areas which are contiguous with the corporation limits, which have been affected and also something about the entire State on the Problem, because this is a contagious disease and at the same time a preventible disease. There should be genuine fear and necessary care but there should not be psychological scare. People must know the seriousness of the situation and also the magnitude of the problem. Services of large number of Health, Medical and para-medical personnel, and volunteers and social service organisations are needed and requested.

In the areas immediately around Bangalore Corporation, 9 villages (Jopadihally, Kamenahalli, Mariyappanapalya, Viswanathanaganahally, Periyarnagar, Yelahanka, Thambuchetty Palya, Shivenahally, Dasarahally) belonging to Bangalore North Taluk have reported suspected cases of Cholera since 12th September 1963. *i.e.*, simultaneous with the infection within the Corporation area of Bangalore. The source of infection in this case is the same as that of Corporation of Bangalore *i.e.*, imported from Nagapatnam, Velangani Festival.

The total population of the 9 villages is about 16,000. So far 18 attacks with 7 deaths have been reported from all these villages. Upto 30th of September about 7,000 persons have been inoculated and the work is still in progress. Certain pockets have been completely covered by inoculation.

As a precautionery measure, 9 villages which are adjoining to these infected villages have been taken for protective inoculations, disinfection of wells etc. Over 7,000 inoculations, out of an estimated population of 11,000 have already been carried out. Special Health Staff have been deputed by the District Health Officer, Bangalore, to assist the normal Health Staff of the dispensaries and Health units in the area. The situation in these rural areas is coming under control. An organisation has already been set up to cover the entire belt area upto a distance of 10 miles.

(SRI K. NAGAPPA ALVA)

In the rest of the State, the position is as follows : The Districts of Gulabrga, Raichur Bidar and Bijapur have been reporting cholera off and on since about 5 to 6 months. In Gulbarga District, 4,66,000 inoculations have been conducted. In Bidar District 90,000 inoculations have been done. In Bijapur District, 2,50,000 inoculations have been done. Recently, more or less conciding with this outbreak in the Bangalore Corporation and Rural parts of Bangalore, two villages in Chintamani Taluk, Kolar District, reported 9 attacks and 7 deaths. So far 10,000 inoculations have been carried out. There has been no further spread of infection in these parts.

Anti-Cholera Vaccine is being stocked in all these affected Districts in adequate quantities. The District Health Officers concerned have been instructed to intensify the control measures by employing Special staff wherever required.

There is sufficient staff in all the parts of the State to promptly undertake epidemic control measures. The District Health Officers could always deploy staff from non-infected areas to infected areas of their districtes if necessary. Even if this does not meet with the emergency, the Director of Public Health can always send Special staff to any areas in the State when additional staff is required.

Sufficient stock of drugs, Chemicals and equipment are present in all the districts and they are replenished as and when required. I am confident we will be able to protect the vulernable sections of the population by inoculations and other measures and bring the situation completely under control within the next few days. I request your whole-hearted co-operation and my special appeal to all for their popular support, help and co-operation.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ದೇವಯ್ಯ.—ಕಾಲರ ಪಾಢ್ಯವನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಹೆಲ್ತ್ ಡಿಪಾರ್ಟ್‌ಮೆಂಟಿನವರು ವ್ಯಾಕ್ಸೀನುಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೊಡದೇ ಇರುವುದು ಸರಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ? ಹೀಗಾದರೆ ಇದನ್ನು ತಡೆಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ ಎನ್ನುವುದು ಗೊತ್ತಿದೆಯೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುವುದು ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ. ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಬೇಕಾದ ಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಇಷ್ಟರಲ್ಲೇ ಮಾಡುವುದರಲ್ಲಿದ್ದೇವೆ.

Sri P. F. D'MELLOW.—Sir, the statement made by the Minister is very comprehensive. But, I feel that one point has been overlooked and that is, the need to prevent the sale of foodstuffs and sweet-meats outside the school premises at Bangalore. That is one of the source of infection. Will the Government see that by issuing immediate instructions that foodstuffs, sweetmeats and other things are not sold near the school premises ?

Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.—Yes, immediate action will be taken.

Sri S. M. KRISHNA.—Has it come to the notice of the Government that the spread of cholera in Bangalore City is on account of the fact that slums are growing in large numbers in and around Bangalore City and the polution of water supply also is one of the reasons for the spread of cholera ?

Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.—Of course, for the spread of cholers that is partly responsible. But, for the infection there is nothing that is responsible in this City.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ದೇವಯ್ಯ.—ಸ್ಲಂ ಏರಿಯಾಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಆದರಲ್ಲೂ ಕೂಡ ಶ್ರೀರಾಮಪುರದ ಬಳಿಯಿರುವ ಲೇಬರು ಕಾಲೋನಿಯಲ್ಲಿ, ಮರಿಯಪ್ಪನ ಪಾಳ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ, ಪ್ರಕಾಶನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ; ರಾಜಾಜಿನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತಿತರ ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರಿನ ಪಂಪುಗಳನ್ನು ಹಾಕಿಸಿ ಶುದ್ಧವಾದ ನೀರನ್ನು ಕೊಳಾಯಿಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ಸರಬರಾಜುಮಾಡಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಅಂದಾನಯ್ಯ.—ಕಾಲರ ರೋಗವನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟಲು ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಗರದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಎಲ್ಲ ಹೆಂಡದಂಗಡಿಗಳನ್ನೂ ಮುಚ್ಚುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಅದಕ್ಕೇನು ಸಂಬಂಧ ಇದೆ ಎನ್ನುವುದು ನನಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಲಕ್ಕಪ್ಪ.—ಅನಾರೋಗ್ಯದ ಕಾರಣದಿಂದ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಹೋಟಲುಗಳನ್ನ ಮುಚ್ಚಿದ್ದೀರಿ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಇಷ್ಟರವರೆಗೆ 16 ಹೋಟಲುಗಳನ್ನು ಮುಚ್ಚಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಇ. ನಾರಾಯಣಗೌಡ.—ಹೊರಗಡೆಯಿಂದ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಗರಕ್ಕೆ ಲಕ್ಷಾಂತರ ಜನರು ಬರುತ್ತಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅಂತಹವರೆಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಇನಾಕ್ಯುಲೇಷನ್ನು ಮಾಡಲು ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಇನಾಕ್ಯುಲೇಷನ್ನು ಹಾಕಲಿಕ್ಕೆ ಏರ್ಪಾಡು ಇದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಆರ್. ಕೇಶವಮೂರ್ತಿ.—ಅಕ್ಕಪಕ್ಕದ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟುಗಳಿಗೆ ಈ ರೋಗ ಹರಡುವುದನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಹೊರಗಡೆಗೆ ಹೋಗುವ ಪ್ರಯಾಣಕರಿಗೆ ಕ್ವಾರಂಟೈನುಮಾಡಿ ಕಳುಹಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಕ್ವಾರಂಟೈನು ಮಾಡುವಷ್ಟು ದೊಡ್ಡದಲ್ಲ ; ಇದಕ್ಕೆಲ್ಲಾ ಮಾಡುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕುಂದೂರು ರುದ್ರಪ್ಪ.—ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಹೋಟಲುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಿನಿಮಾಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಜನಸಂಪರ್ಕ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗುವುದರಿಂದ ಇವನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಒಂದು ವಾರಕಾಲ ಮುಚ್ಚುವುದು ಸರಿಯಿಲ್ಲವೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ತಾತ್ಕಾಲಿಕವಾಗಿ ಕೆಲವನ್ನು ಕ್ಯಾನ್ಸಲ್ಲು ಮಾಡಬಹುದು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಎಂ. ಕೃಷ್ಣ.—ಈ ಉಪಹಾರ ಗೃಹಗಳಿಗೆ ಒರತಕ್ಕಂಥ ಶೌಚ್ಯಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಿಸಿ ನೀರನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ 'ಏನಾದರೂ' ಏರ್ಪಾಡನ್ನು ನೀವು ಸರಕಾರದವರು ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಪಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಹೌದು, ಇಷ್ಟರಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಆ ವಿಷಯ ತಿಳಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅದನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ನಾಗರತ್ನಮ್ಮ ಹಿರೇಮಠ್.—ನಗರದ ಮಧ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿರತಕ್ಕ ಗಾಂಧಿನಗರದ ಹೆಣ್ಣು ಮಕ್ಕಳ ಶಾಲೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಇದು ವ್ಯಾಪಿಸಿರುವುದು ಸರಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ? ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಶಾಲೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಚ್ಚಲು ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಹೆಣ್ಣು ಮಕ್ಕಳ ಸ್ಕೂಲಿಗೆ ವ್ಯಾಪಿಸಿರುವುದು ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ಗಾಂಧಿನಗರಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿರುವುದು ಗೊತ್ತಿದೆ. ನೀವು ಹೇಳಿದ ಹಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ ತಕ್ಕ ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಚನ್ನಬೈರೇಗೌಡ.—ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ಹೋಟೆಲುಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಿನಿಮಾ ಮಂದಿರಗಳನ್ನು ಮುಚ್ಚಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಸಿನಿಮಾ ಮಂದಿರಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಹೋಟೆಲುಗಳವರು ಇದನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟಲು ಏನೇನು ಮುಂಜಾಗ್ರತೆ ವಹಿಸಬೇಕು ಎಂಬ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಇಷ್ಟರಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಬೇಕಾದಷ್ಟು ತಿಳಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಇದರ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಇನ್ನೂ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಆಸಕ್ತಿ ವಹಿಸುವಂತೆ ತಕ್ಕ ಸಲಹೆಗಳನ್ನು ಪುನಃ ಕೊಡಲು ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ದೇವಯ್ಯ.—ಕಾರ್ಪೊರೇಷನ್ನಿಗೆ ಕನಿಷ್ಟ ಪಕ್ಷ 4 ಎಮರ್ಜೆನ್ಸಿ ವ್ಯಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ತಕ್ಕ ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಆದಷ್ಟು ಬೇಗ ಆಂಟಿ-ಇನಾಕ್ಯುಲೇಶನ್ ಮಾಡಿಸಿ, ಖಾಸಗಿ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಯವರನ್ನು ಐಸೋಲೇಷನ್ ಹಾಸ್ಪಿಟಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸಲು ಅನುಕೂಲ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ಆಳ್ವ.—ಅದನ್ನು ಇಷ್ಟರಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಇನ್ನು ಎಷ್ಟು ಬೇಕಾದರೂ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಿದ್ಧರಿದ್ದೇವೆ.

Sri S. M. KRISHNA.—Would the Government consider the possibility of arranging for mobile units for purposes of innoculation. The unit can go round the city, particularly the slum areas, and see that every body gets innoculated.

Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.—Yes, Sir, I will consider this question and take immediate action.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Questions are over.

QUESTIONS FOR ANSWERS ON THE DAY

(but not taken up)

Steps taken for the completion of incomplete Rural Communication Roads in each Sub-division of South Kanara District.

* *Q.*—831. Sri S. D. SAMRAJYA (Brahmavar):—

Will the Govenment be pleased to state :—

(*a*) whether they have suspended or given up the Rural Communication Works in South Kanara District ;

(*b*) the number of Rural Communication Works which are incomplete in each Sub-Division of South Kanara District ;

(*c*) whether they are aware that the Taluk Board and Panchayat Funds are insufficient to complete and maintain such roads ;

(*d*) the immediate steps they intend taking to make these roads fit for traffic ?

A.—Sri VEERENDRA PATIL (Minister for Public Works).—

(*a*) No.

(*b*) *Vide* statement below.

(*c*) Yes.

(*d*) It is proposed to complete the works as per R. C. Programme as soon as adequate funds are available and transfer the completed roads to the respective Taluk Boards.